SATURDAY'S MEETING

SENATOR SPOONER'S VIEW OF THE DELEGATION'S ATTITUDE.

Representative Pearre is Heartily for the Chairman of the Congressional Committee-Maryland-Conditions.

Senator Spooner of Wisconsin, who has been in the city today on a flying visit, left for home again this afternoon. A Star reporter who called upon him at the New Willard asked him: "Will Mr. Babcock of your state be a candidate for Speaker of the House in the Fifty-eighth Congress?" "That, of course, is a question for Mr. Babcock to determine.'

"If he were a candidate, would he have the support of the Wisconsin delegation in the House?"

"Senators do not interfere with the election of officers of the House," replied Senator Spooner, "but I do not mind giving is as my opinion that if he is a candidate for Speaker he will have the enthusiastic support of the republicans of Wisconsin.

"I cannot, of course, speak for the delegation, but I cannot doubt that the delegation would be firm in their support of a Wisconsin man for the high office of

Mr. Babcock will leave Washington in a day or two and will meet the Wisconsin delegation in Milwaukee next Saturday, at which conference his possible candidacy for Speaker will be discussed. Senator Spooner will also be present at the meeting.

Representative Pearre for Babcock. Representative Pearre of the sixth Maryland district is in town. Mr. Pearre had this to say of Mr. Babcock and his candi-

"Since reaching Washington I have had some opportunity for testing the eastern sentiment regarding Mr. Babcock and his candidacy, and I find there is a very decided and growing feeling in his favor. Of course, I have been a Babcock man from the start. His great work for the party in this campaign, as well as in preceding contests as chairman of the congressional tests, as chairman of the congressional committee certainly marks him most favorably as a candidate for the speakership. The situation when the campaign opened was very much involved. There were inparty made no campaign on any distinct issue which would be likely to bring out all the party strength of the republicans. This made the campaign a difficult one to han-dle. The exceptional judgment and political wisdom shown by Mr. Babcock in dealing

with this situation showed him to be a great party leader. "I have not consulted all the other mem-bers of the Maryland delegation, but I feel safe in saying, from what I know of their admiration for Mr. Babcock, that the delegation will be soild for him for Speaker. In my judgment he would make a model presiding officer. Dignified, genial, considerate, of most equable temperament, a great handler of men, he would guide the House without attempting to control it, and under his leadership each man would

be accorded his full rights.

"His strength in the east is great and growing rapidly. His strength in the west is unquestionable, and I believe that the wisdom of the membership of Congress will place him in the Speaker's chair."

Mr. Pearre's Increased Majority.

Then Mr. Pearre branched off into a discussion of politics and went on to say: "Was there an election in the sixth congressional district? Well, I believe there was. The republicans carried the district by 500 more than it was carried in the last McKinley election. They carried Allegany county by 133 more than McKinley carried it, although this was an off year. "To what do I attribute the increase? To

the desire of the people to stand for republican policies and principles and to in-derse President Roosevelt." Mr. Pearre is in favor of action at this session of Congress against trusts that ope-

rate in restraint of interstate commerce. He indorses the plan of Attorney General Knox, as outlined before the Pittsburg chamber of commerce, in the direction of strengthening the Sherman law.

Mr. Mudd's Majority.

Mr. Mudd's Majority.

"I notice" continued Mr. Pearre, "that my friend Mr. Mudd in speaking of the majorities in his district calls attention. majorities in his district calls attention to the fact that his majority in the fifth is larger than mine in the sixth. I am delighted to see my friend Mudd with such a fine majority. Our democratic friends treated him kindly in the last legislature in adding republican wards in Baltimore city to his district. It has been suggested that in the Baltimore city part of his district they were equally kind in the election in not making much of a fight against him. "These causes did not conspire to aid me. However, I am sorry the fifth district

me. However, I am sorry the fifth district did not give 6,000 majority. If my friend Mudd continues to hold the sixth up as a model to work by, it will not be long before his majority in the fifth will run up to 6,000. I hope he will continue to follow our example. The people won a great victory in the sixth congressional district, and all are much gratified. Personally, I am deep-ly grateful to the people for this renewed evidence of their confidence."

Mr. Cannon's Boom.

The contest for the speakership is moving along rapidly. The Illinois republicans of the House met in Chicago yesterday and formally organized the boom of Mr. Cannon. It was claimed that Mr. Cannon already has assurances of support which give him a substantial lead in the race. In congressional circles it is thought that the keystone of the speakership fight will be found in the attitude of the New York and Pennsylvania delegations in the final ballotting. It is said that after several bal-lots have been taken, if more than one ballot is necessary, the candidate who can come into the fight with one or two substantial western delegations at his back and swing these two states, will come near to being the final choice of the republicans of the House

licans of the House. Senator Cullom Praises Cannon.

Senator Cullom, who has recently arrived in the city, has begun an active campaign in behalf of Representative Cannon for Speaker. "I do not," he said, "intend to do more in this matter than it is proper for a member of the Senate to do, but I do not believe it will be considered out of place for me to say a word for an old friend from my own state, especially when he is so well fitted for the duties of the office as is Mr. Cannon. He is one of the oldest members of the House in point of service, and no man has done more valiant work than he has done as chairman of the committee on appropriations, which position he has held ever since the republicans last came into control of the House of Representatives. He has for much of that time been recog-nized as the leader of the House, and has

he Kvening Star

No. 15,510.

deed, from every standpoint of fitness and experience Mr. Cannon is the man for the

Geographically, also he is fortunately

that he would not receive proper treat-

The senator also expressed the opinion

that the place would go to his champion without much effort. "He will have," the senator said, "the solid delegation from

Illinois, and he thinks that many others of the western states will give him their entire

WISE COUNTY DEMOCRATS

Order County Committee to Investi-

gate Charges of Crookedness.

RICHMOND, Va., November 11.-The

democrats of Wise county this morning in

mass meeting instructed their county com-

mittee to investigate charges of crooked-

ness in four precincts in that county at the

recent election, which gave the county to

Judge Rhea. The meeting also notified

Judge Rhea that the democracy of the

county would not stand by him if irregu-

Judge Rhea's declination to receive a cer-

tificate of election due to technicalities in

returns is being commented on on all sides. Colonel Slemp (rep.) will win by at least

A REPLY TO MITCHELL

STATEMENT OF PRESIDENT BAER

OF THE READING.

Declares That the Demand for Increas-

ed Pay is Unreasonable

and Unjust.

The reply of President Geo. F. Baer of

the Philadelphia and Reading Coal Com-

pany to the charges of President Mitchell

of the United Mine Workers, which has

been presented to the anthracite coal strike

commission, was today given to the pub-

lic. Mr. Baer makes no reference to Mr.

Mitchell as the president of the miners' or-

Taking up the specifications in Mr.

Second. The demand for 20 per cent in-

of anthracite coal is as high as that paid

Third. The company denies that the present rate of wages is lower than is paid in

other occupations in the same locality and

Fourth and fifth, Mr. Baer denies that

pations requiring skill and training, and

also the charge that the earnings are in-

Sixth. This specification made by Mr. Mitchell is referred to as vague for specific

answer, but in a general way it is stated

that the anthracite regions are among the

Proposed Reduction of Hours.

just and inequitable the demand for a re-

duction of 20 per cent in hours of labor

without a reduction of earnings for time

employes, and this demand is pronounced

impracticable. In this connection the fol-

lowing statement is made: "Because of

the injury to the mines by the strike of the

coal has been greatly increased and a tem-

porary advance in price was made by this

company, but it will be impracticable to

continue such increase when mining opera-

Eighth. Mr. Baer says that his com

tion into the anthracite fields business con-

ditions there have been intolerable; that

the output of the mines has decreased; that discipline has been destroyed; that strikes have been of almost dally occurrence; that

men have worked when and as they please,

and that the cost of mining has been great-

ly increased.

He also takes the position that the juris-

diction of the commission is limited to the

conditions named by the coal company presidents, which excludes the United Mine

Workers from any recognition in the pro-

ceedings. He says, however, that "when a

labor organization limited to anthracite mine workers is created which shall obey

the law, respect the right of every man to

work and honestly co-operate with employ-

ers, trade agreement may become practica-

Other Replies Received.

cite coal commission has received the re-

plies of the six signatory parties repre-

senting the coal operators to the statement

of John Mitchell filed with the commission.

These replies will be sent to Mr. Mitchell

and made public tomorrow, except that of

President Baer of the Reading company,

STREET CAR STRUCK TRAP.

Four Persons Thrown to Pavement

RICHMOND, Va., November 11.-Colonel

John Murphy, John Murphy, jr.; Miss

Madeline Murphy and Miss Katherine Wil-

son of Philadelphia were badly hurt in a

striking a trap which Colonel Murphy was

The trap was upset and the occupants

thrown to the pavement, Miss Wilson be-

ing caught under the car. It is feared she

Colonel Murphy's hand was hurt, and

he is suffering much pain from a blow in

DELAWARE DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

William M. Byrne Given His Former

Office.

The President has appointed William

Michael Byrne to be United States district

attorney for Delaware. Mr. Byrne resigned

will die as a result of her injuries.

and One May Die.

which was made public today.

pecial Dispatch to The Evening Star.

driving.

the left side.

Colonel Carroll D. Wright of the anthra-

tions become normal."

Seventh. The company pronounces as un-

sufficient because of the dangerous char-

acter of work in the anthracite mines.

most prosperous in the United States.

individual.

other specifications:

in the bituminous coal fields.

centrolled by like conditions.

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star.

votes from the beginning."

larities were discovered.

WASHINGTON, D. C., TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1902-SIXTEEN PAGES.

situated, coming as he does from the middle west. The fact should be borne in mind that in the last election the west made a much better showing for the republican party than did the east. In Illinois, for in-stance, Mr. Cannon's own state, we will National Association Conhave seventeen republican congressmen in the Fifty-eighth Congress, whereas there are now only twelve. Hence, I do not be-lieve the party can do better than elect Uncle Joe to the speakership. His honesty and fairmindedness are proverbial, and if he should be chosen no member would fear that he would not receive proper treatvenes in New Orleans.

PRESIDENT HERRICK

DELIVERS HIS ANNUAL ADDRESS BEFORE MEMBERS.

Controller Ridgely and Other Well-Known Financiers to Participate

in Deliberations.

NEW ORLEANS, November 11.-The American Bankers' Association began its annual meeting in Tulane Hall here at 10 a.m. today. The delegates were slow in assembling and roll call, was dispensed with.

There was prayer by Rev. Dr. Beverley Warner and then addresses of welcome by Acting Mayor William Mahle, City Attorney Samuel L. Gilmore, on behalf of the city; Prof. W. C. Stubbs, on behalf of Governor Heard, and R. M. Walmsley of the Clearing House Association, on behalf of the local bankers.

President Herrick replied to the welcomes and delivered his annual address. Address of President Herrick.

"American democracy in its imperial progress has found its power and sure support in the confidence and good will of a mighty nation, emphasized in its bankers," Mr. Herrick said:

"In an era of trusts (using the word in its popular sense) and great combinations aiming at the restriction if not the entire removal of competition, a movement reaching far and wide in trade and productive industry, the banks have gone on in the old way, every one for itself, wedded to the idea of individuality and independence as a cherished tradition.
"The banks of the United States stand be

fore their country and the world examples of solidity, conservatism and straightforwardness. In its very nature banking is the opposite of the business of any trust; of the type which constitutes a political

Gain Favor by Contrast. "The more the tendency toward combinaganization, but refers to him simply as an tion and the restraint of competition affects commerce and industry, the more the banks will inevitably gain favor by contrast. The Mitchell's charges seriatim, Mr. Baer first greater the force of the trust movement in admits that his company owns thirty-seven the direction of over-capitalization, the collieries, and that before the strike it emreadier the country will be to look upon ployed 26,829 people. Following is a brief banks and bankers as champions of indesummary of the response to Mr. Mitchell's pendence in business and as safeguards of conservatism.

second. The demand for 20 per cent increase in wages on piece work is denounced as "arbitrary, unreasonable and unjust." The company contends that after making all necessary allowance for different conditions, the rate of wages paid for the mining "The imperative need now, as in the past, is that every part of the circulating medium of the American republic shall not only be as good as gold, under all stress of business weather, but shall have the reputation merited by its character. A dollar doubted is a dollar half destroyed. The folly or injustice of the great suspicion makes small difference in the hour

of danger. "Flexibility in the body of currency is very important, but it should never be forthe earnings of the anthracite workers are less than average earnings for other occugotten the vital point is that nothing used as money shall be distrusted. It is not what the logic of financiers proves, but what the man in the street feels which makes the difference between safety and peril for banks, in the frenzy of panic or the lean years of industrial and commercial

> Mr. Herrick closed by saying that he was not prepared to believe that the country is ready to accept a bank-made scheme of leg-Islation

"However," he said, "it is more willing now than ever before to give the banks their full share in the favors of government, in tardy recognition of the fact that they are now, as they were in Jackson's day, really the simple enbodiment of, and receptacles of, the active industrial power of the people, and, as such, entitled to an equitable participation in all the abounding United Mine Workers the cost of producing glories of this great republic."

> DEATH IN FALLING FLOOR. Building Collapses, Killing Two and

Injuring Several. pany has no disagreement with any of its employes about the weighing of coal, be-cause the quantity is usually determined

WILKESBARRE, Pa., November 11 .-Charles Price was killed, James Ross fatally and three others slightly injured in the collapse of the old Phelps building today. The building was being torn down and a floor gave way, catching the workmen be-

NEW COALING STATION. British Government Anticipates Con-

struction Isthmian Canal. SAN FRANCISCO, November 11 .- Advices from Fiji announce that the British government is preparing to establish a naval coalmg station on the Island of Suwarrow in anticipation of the construction of the isth-

mian canal. Suwarrow Island is to the eastward of Samoa and north of the Cook Islands. The government of Fiji will import into those islands 792 East Indians as contract labor-ers for the sugar and other industries there, application for that many having been approved.

WANTS SENATORS TO SEE.

Proenix Board of Trade Will Show Arizona to Committee.

PHOENIX, Ariz., November 11.-The board of trade has made arrangements for the entertainment of the Senate committee on territories now en route here, and to facilitate as comprehensive a tour as possible through Arizona. Gov. Brodle and a committee will meet the senatorial party at Deming, N. M.

Scientists in Session.

BALTIMORE, Md., November 11.-The National Academy of Sciences began its fall session this morning at the Johns Hopkins University. The meeting will continue street car accident here today, the car three days. A large number of prominent educators and men of science are in at-

> \$30,000 Fire at Newark, N. J. NEWARK, N. J., November 11.-The planing mill of A. A. Scrafft & Co. was badly damaged by fire today. The loss is estimated at \$30,000, and is insured. Fire Captain Durkin was hit by a pile of falling

> umber and was badly hurt. Steamship Arrivals. NEW YORK, November .11.-Arrived: Friesland, from Antwerp; Kron Prinz Wilhelm, from Bremen; Scotla, from Genoa.

40 PRISONERS ESCAPE

OVERPOWER THE JAILERS IN BROAD DAYLIGHT. .

Second Delivery Within a Month-New and More Secure Prison Being Constructed.

TUCSON, Aris., Nevember 11.-Forty prisoners confined in the jab at Cananca overpowered the jailers and escaped in broad daylight.

The men were charged with different offenses, ranging from petty larceny to mur-

This is the second jail delivery in a month, and a new prison is being cut out of the side of the mountain, where escape will be impossible.

ACCUSED OF MURDER

YOUNG PERRY MUST ANSWER FOR MISS MORTON'S DEATH.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., November 11 .- The discharge of Alan G. Mason, the Boston clubman accused of the murder of Clara A. Morton at Waverley a week ago last Saturday night, was ordered by Judge Charles Almy of the third district court of eastern Middlesex today.

The government's lawyer afmounced that an investigation had failed to disclose evidence sufficient to hold the accused man and ordered the discharge of Mason.

Perry Charged With Murder. Almost immediately, in the same court,

George L. O. Perry, the young negro who was yesterday held as a witness against Mason, was charged with the murder of Miss Morton. He pleaded not guilty and was remanded

without bail for a hearing November 18.

After his release Mason held an informal reception, and after a short time was driven o his home in Boston.

NEW CHINESE MINISPER.

Liang Cheng Will Arrive Here About January 1.

Information received at the Chinese legation indicates that Liang Cheng, who has been appointed minister to the United States as successor to Mr. Wu, will reach Washington about January 1. Mr. Wu will not be able to get away before the first of next week. If he can arrangé for his departure by Monday he will leave on that date. Health considerations will determine whether Madame Wu will accompany him to China at this time.

THE NEWFOUNDLAND TREATY Safeguarded Against Imposing a Differential Against Our Goods.

An important feature of the reciprocity treaty just negotiated with Newfoundland is a safeguard against the imposition of the differential in favor of all goods entering Newfoundland from England or any of the British colonies. This differential in the case of the dominion amounts to 33 per cent, which is a very heavy handicap upon imports from the United States. It is true that the differential has not yet been imposed by Newfoundland upon our goods, but it is learned that it was the purpose to do so, and that the result would be the loss of most of the trade with Newfoundland is not doubted here. As it is, the treaty provides against the imposition of the differential duties. This in the case of flour amounts to a margin large enough to warrant the expectation that the United States will continue to command the trade in that

The attitude of the New England senators toward the new treaty is problematical; they have committed themselves to a treaty in theory, but it is not yet known whether they will accept the details of the new

GEN. BRAGG HERE.

Will Go to Wisconsin Before Leaving for Hong Kong.

Gen. Bragg, consul general at Havana, who has exchanged posts with Consul General Rublee at Hong Kong, has arrived in Washington and called at the State Department today to consult the officials in regard to his new duties. Before going to China Gen. Bragg will visit his home in Wisconsin and attend to some private business. He expects to return to Washington and meet Consul General Rublee, who left Hong Kong about November 1. The two will exchange commissions and proceed to their respective posts.

Gen. Bragg is accompanied by Mrs. Bragg.

CLERICAL CHANGES.

Appointments and Promotions in the War Department.

Changes have been made in the classified service of the War Department as follows: Appointments under civil service rules-Office of the chief of ordnance: Wilson B. Strong of Massachusetts, clerk at \$840. Office of the chief of engineers: Harry O. Nash of the District of Columbia, clerk, at

Promotions Record and pension office: William B. Davis of the District of Columbia, from clerk at \$1,000 to clerk at \$1,200. Office of the surgeon general: Edwin R. Hodge of Maryland, from anatomist at \$1,600 to chemist at \$2,088. Office of the chief of ordnance: Thomas G. Mailalieu of Nebraska, from clerk at \$1,000 to clerk at \$1,200; Edward Shoults of Virginia, from clerk at \$900 to clerk at \$1,000; Mrs. Anna H. White of California, from clerk at \$840 to clerk at \$900. Bureau of insular affairs: Paul Randolph of the District of Columbia,

Paul Randolph of the District of Columbia, from clerk at \$1,200 to clerk at \$1,500; H. F. Worley of Ohlo, from clerk at \$100; to clerk at \$1,200; Mrs. Claudia S. Coles of Virginia, from clerk at \$720 to clerk at \$200. Resignations—Office of the adjutant general: Charles H. Shaffer of Maryland, clerk at \$1,200; A. Kingsley Love of Maryland, clerk at \$1,000; Robert S. Sharp of Florida, clerk at \$900. Record and pension office: William L. Symons of Ohio, clerk at \$1,200. Office of the quartermaster general: Philip William L. Symons of Ohio, clerk at \$1,200. Office of the quartermaster general: Philip W. Huntington of Connecticut, clerk at \$1,200; James D. Rowen of Iowa, clerk at \$1,200; James H. Williams, jr., of Georgia, clerk at \$1,000; Alan B. Sutherland of West Viscolar Research Virginia, clerk at \$1,000. Bureau of insular affairs: Cliff C. Barton of New York, clerk at \$1.400.

END OF THE REVOLT.

Minister Bowen Indicates That the War in Venezuela is Over.

A cablegram received at the State Department from United States Minister Bowen at

Hear Roosevelt and Cleveland in New York.

OVATION TO PRESIDENT

NEW CHAMBER OF COMMERCE FORMALLY OPENED.

President Arrived Early in the Morning and Paid a Visit to a Sister Who is Sick.

NEW YORK, November 11.-With the President and a former President of the United States as its guests of honor, and with representatives of foreign governments and other distinguished persons present, the New York chamber of commerce formally dedicated its building in this city today. The new building, a handsome structure of white marble, is situated in Liberty street between Nassau street and Broadway.

The proceedings were opened with a prayer of dedication by the Rev. Morgan Dix, rector of Trinity Church. An address of welcome by Morris K. Jesup, president of the chamber, followed, and then the oration of the day was delivered by former President Grover Cleveland.

Mr. Cleveland was accorded an ovation when he arose to speak. In part he said:

Mr. Cleveland's Address. Former President Cleveland said in part "It need not surprise us if the popular estimate of this business organization should fail to take into account all that it has done to promote high and patriotic

purposes not always related, in a narrow sense, to commerce,
"No associated body of our citizens felt more deeply and effectively the throbbing of patriotism and devotion to country when our government was threatened by armed rebellion; its protest and aid was immediately forthcoming when, afterward, an insidious attack was made upon finanical in-

tegrity through an attempted debasement of our currency.
"From no quarter has a more earnest and insistent demand been heard for the adjustment of international disputes by arbitra tion; its espousal of the cause of business

education among our people has been hearty and practical. Enlarged Reciprocity.

"It has advocated enlarged reciprocity of business relations between nations, and the removal of their vexatious hindrances; and last, but by no means least, it has promptly and with an open hand relieved distress and alleviated disaster. Such incidents as these illustrate the organization's beneficent accomplishments in the advancement of civilization and in furtherance of the improvement of humanity "If we justly appreciate what things mean, we shall realize that com-merce has done an immense service to humanity, by enlarging within its wide influence the acceptance of the laws of honest dealing among civilized communities and by curbing man's besetting sins of selfishness and greed.

What It Has Accomplished.

"We shall thereupon be led to apprehend the especial benefits in a moral sense that have accrued to our own countrymen from the work and example of the chamber of commerce of the state of New York, and of kindred institutions scattered throughout our land. They have brought together a vast number of our citizens and made the American merchant, who, too great to be mean, has, by bold enterprise and brave venture, challenged the admiration of the

world. "Equally as important as this in its moral complexion and significance, they have, by the adoption and enforcement of rules for their government, illustrated to a people apt to chafe under enforced restraint how usefully they themselves may voluntarily restrain and regulate their conduct; and, be-yond all, they have directly and by example leavened the mass of our citizenship with a love of scrupulous honor, and largely contributed to the preservation of true American devotion to fair play.

Commerce Not Altruistic.

"What I have said must not be understood as in the least intimating that commerce should be an altruistic or benevolent affair managed on lines of amiability and concession. Such a conception would be absurdly

at fault. "Commerce is born of enterprise; and enterprise, in this busy, bustling age, is born of struggle and competition. But the strug-gle and competition need not be to the death. Alertness and keenness in securing business opportunities does not by any means import unmindfulness of all else save ruthfulness and ravenous snatching.
"As the pioneer of colonization and expan-

sion sordidly undertaken in its interest, commerce has in other days had justly laid at its door cruel aggression and ruthless disregard of human rights in regions where, to use the language of an apologist, 'the welfare of the inhabitants of these possessions is subordinate to the strategic or commercial purpose for which they are

"If any measure of restitution or com-pensation has failen due from commerce to full acquittance has been made or is forthcoming, and we certainly should have no cause to fear that a like guilty responsibility will be again incurred.

Cause of Congratulation.

"These exercises, recalling so forcibly the growth of American commerce in worldwide influence abroad, and in usefulness and beneficence at home, cannot fail to be of interest to all our countrymen; but the citizens of the greatest of our states and of our imperial city, with all they have to make them proud and happy, must espe-cially congratulate themselves upon the association of their state and city with the fame and honor which have been wrought out by the chamber of commerce of the state of New York." At the conclusion of Mr. Cleveland's address Morris K. Jesup, president of the chamber, announced that President Roose

velt, although reserving his address for the banquet this evening, had consented to say President Roosevelt Cheered. As President Roosevelt stepped forward to address the chamber the whole assemblage

rose and cheered. He spoke as follows: "Mr President and Gentlemen: As I am to speak to you this evening I shall now simply say a word of greeting to you and to your guests. I have been asked here as the chief executive of the nation, and so I can speak not merely on your behalf, but on behalf of our people as a whole in greeting and thanking for their presence here these representatives of foreign countries who have done

us the honor and pleasure of being present today. (Applause.)
"I greet the ambassador (turning to Mr. Cambon) whose approaching departure we

TWO CENTS. good will in the future (turning to the Rus-

In the Name of the People. "And now, gentlemen, having greeted your guests on behalf of you, I greet you in the name of the people, not merely because you stand for commercial success, but because this body has been able to show that the greatest commercial success can square with the immutable and eternal laws of decent

Henry von Pless).

The demonstration as the President conluded ended with three cheers. Mr. Jesup announced that Governor Odell, who was on the program for a speech, was mot able to be present, and he introduced Mayor Low, who made the concluding address. The ceremonies closed with a benediction by the Rev. Morgan Dix.

and right living and of fair dealing between

The President's Arrival. City at 6:45 o'clock this morning over the Pennsylvania railroad. He remained in his car until about 7:45 o'clock, when he entered a carriage and boarded a ferry boat for the 23d street station, this city. Thence

the President was driven direct to the University Club, where he breakfasted. President Roosevelt was met at Jersey City by Cornelius N. Bliss, jr., who accom-panied him to this city. There was no city by Cornelius N. Bliss, Jr., who accompanied him to this city. There was no demonstration at Jersey City, but a considerable crowd gathered at the West 23d street station in this city, and when the President appeared in his carriage he was greeted with cheers.

With the President at breakfast were Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, president of Co lumbia University, and several other friends. After breakfast President Roosevelt visited his sister, Mrs. Douglass Robinson, and then repaired to the Union League Club, where he rested until time to go to the new chamber of commerce for the dedication ceremonies.

MATCH IN OILED RAGS

CAUSED BIG EAST RIVER BRIDGE FIRE LAST NIGHT.

Loss May Reach Seventy-Five Thousand Dollars and Contractors Must Meet It.

NEW YORK, November 11.-After a careful inspection of the new East river bridge structure, which was burned last night, the contractors now place the loss at not more

than \$75,000. This estimate was made this afternoon by the contractors, who also say that the delay in completing the structure will not exceed two months.

None of the great cables was harmed. have been accounted for. Contractors Must Meet Loss.

The contractors who will be forced to meet the loss are: The John A. Roebling Sons Company, the Pennsylvania Steel Company of Scranton, Pa.; the New Jersery Steel Company and Terry & Trench. The proportion of each has not been fig-

ured out, but it is believed that the Roe blings will suffer most. The fire was caused, Engineer Hilde-brand said today, by a workman carelessly throwing a lighted match among some oily rags.

TO GUARD THE PRESIDENT.

Increased Force of Police and Secret Service Men at White House. The enlargement of the White House will require additional policemen and secret service officers, and the force has already been increased. The same force of police-

men and ushers that had charge of the White House before the additions were made is still employed in the building, while a new set of officers and ushers is necessary at the President's offices. At the latter place two ushers and two officers are stationed. Several secret service men are on duty at this building, and one at the White House itself. Until the assassination of pend upon any witnesses who may lie, but President McKinley no secret service men were on duty regularly at the White House, Jury. Former Gov. Black well said in debut that tragedy caused the officials of the fining circumstantial evidence that every government to decide that in the future the President should be well protected by officers wherever he was and wherever he went. Operator Craig, who was killed at Pittsfield when the President was thrown from his carriage, was the first secret service man stationed regularly at the White House. For a long time he was the only

RHEA ISSUES STATEMENT.

Says He Believes Votes Thrown Out

Belonged to Opponent. Congressman Rhea, democrat, of the ninth Virginia district, in a signed statement issued yesterday, says, in reference to rejection of the precincts of Pattison and Mendota, that, while he is sure the commissioners were honest in their belief that said returns should be rejected and had no legal right to count said votes, he believes that the votes belong to Slemp (rep.), and would probably elect him; and if a certificate of election is issued by the state board to Rhea, based on the exclusion of the votes mentioned, he will decline to accpt

Personal Mention.

Senator O. H. Platt of Connecticut and Mr. Louis Potthoff of New York are at the

Arlington. Mr. John E. Milholland of New York and Mr. T. W. Bakewell of Pittsburg are at the New Willard.

Representative George A. Pearre of Cumberland, Md., and Mr. W. H. Pleasant of New York are at the Raleigh. Mr. Edw. T. Pettingill has returned to the Arthur E. Randle of this city has gone to New York to attend the chamber of commerce banquet tomorrow night. He is

Movements of Naval Vessels. The Osceola, with two barges in tow, has

of that body.

he only Washington man who is a member

arrived at Key West. The Lebanon, with a water barge in tow. left Norfolk for Culebra Island today. Rear Admiral Sumner, in his flagship, the Iowa, has arrived at Rio Janeiro to participate in a national celebration. From that point the Iowa will proceed to Culebra Isl-

mission at Mare Island navy yard, San The Kearsarge, Alabama, Massachusetts and Machias have arrived at Fort Monroe on their way to Culebra Island.

The Helena is at Chinkiang.

The gunboat Isla de Luzon has reached Alexandria on her way to New York from

The Marblehead has been placed in com-

Civil Service Examinations.

Examinations are announced by the civil

When a prospective purchaser sees the advertisement of a business concern in a reputable publication like The Evening Star, it fixes that concern's. identity, gives it a standing. With such introduction the transaction of business is an open book.

CASE GOES TO

Molineux Murder Trial Nearing an End.

BREATHLESS CROWD

LISTENS TO CLOSING ARGUMENT OF PROSECUTION.

President Roosevelt arrived at Jersey Justice Lambert Delivers His Charge and the Fate of Prisoner Will

> NEW YORK, November 11 .- More than a thousand men and women, and there were more women than men, crowded the corridors of the criminal court building before 9 o'clock this morning and fought for

Soon Be Known.

admission to the room where Justice Lambert is sitting in the Molineux trial. After the usual preliminaries Assistant District Attorney Osborne resumed his summing up. He said former Governor Black had made a mis-statement when he declared the experts had testified that the writing on the poison package wrapper was not in a disguised hand. Mr. Osborne read extracts from the testimony to show that two out of three of the experts had found the address disguised.

Discussed Barnet Letters.

Mr. Osborne argued that the Barnet letters, the earliest in the case, gave the first evidence of an attempt to disguise and that the disguise improved with every later exhibit. He declared that the earlier Barnet fetters conformed almost exactly to the handwriting of Molineux.

ter of the letter boxes, and declared the hiring of the Koch box in Cornish's name was an act of hostility to Cornish. Talking of Koch, who sold to a newspaper an identification of Molineux as a man who had talked to him on December 17, 1898, about hiring a letter box. Mr. Osborne said he would not himself insult the jury by asking a conviction upon such evidence Molineux's Talk With Heiles.

The prosecution then took up the mat-

Heiles before Heiles wrote to Stearns & Co. about Harpster, and demanded: "Does not that show hostility to Harpster? Molineux had nothing against Harp-All the men supposed to have been lost ster except his friendship for Cornish, and yet he tried to do him the greatest harm he could—deprive him of his job. If he

The assistant district attorney dwelt av

some length on the talk Molineux had with

would go so far against Harpster, what d he not do to Cornish Mr. Osborne began to talk about the Barnet letters.
"The man who wrote those Cornish letters had the Barnet case in mind," he said, when ex-Gov. Black interrupted with an objection, which Justice Lambert sustained.

Wedding Was Sudden. Mr. Osborne, however, declared he was

well within the evidence, and the court permitted him to proceed. "This defendant and Barnet." Mr. Osborne continued, "were friends living near to each other on the same floor of the Knickerbocker Athletic Club. They were paying atention to the same lady. She re-jected Molineux. Barnet died, and eight days later Molineux bought for the woman

an engagement ring. The wedding was was very sudden."

Mr. Osborne took up the Burns, Cornish and Barnet letters, the first two asking for certain remedies and the third for "a marriage guide," and declared that the en-velope matched the paper of the Cornish letter and that the wording of the conceded

Burns letter was identical with the wording of the Cornish letter.

Intelligence of the Jury. "This case," counsel said in concluding his talk on the handwriting, "does not deon the common sense and intelligence of the circumstance must point to the one man as the magnetic needle points to the pole. Every circumstance in this case points to

Molineux." Mr. Osborne, in his peroration, pointed out again the circumstances upon which he relied for a conviction, turning at each mention of Molineux's name to point his

finger at the defendant.

Molineux Sat Unmoved Molineux sat unmoved at the arraignment, but attentive to every word of it. Not so with his father. The old general was visibly affected by the words of the prosecuting officer, and Cecil Molineux, the prisoner's brother, was very nervous. In his closing words Mr. Osborne begged

the jury not to let their feelings run away with their judgment and not to refuse to convict through timidity. It was past noon when Mr. Osborne was through, and then Justice Lambert suspended proceedings until 1:15 o'clock, when

the latter began his charge to the jury.

TORE OPEN WOUNDS. Detective Niland Sought Death Because of Despondency. CHICAGO, November 11.-Tearing open

the wounds which he had inflicted a few hours before with suicidal intent, Detective Ward Niland of the South Englewood police station died last night at the Englewood Union Hospital. In the morning Niland, in the presence of his sister, cut his throat, and when taken

to the hospital declared he would not leave that institution alive. He fought with those at his bedside for nearly an hour, and resisted efforts of two policemen and two physicians to keep him

Finally his right hand was freed, and in another instant the wound in his neck was Every effort was made to save his life, but without success.

Niland had been despondent for several weeks, provoked, it is said, by sickness and repeated transfers in the police department.

DISRUPTION THREATENED. Chicago Teachers' Federation Likely to

"Go Up the Spout." CHICAGO, November 11 .- As a result of the vote in favor of the affiliation of the Chicago Teachers' Federation with the Federation of Labor, the former organization is threatened with disruption. Miss Ella. Rowe has resigned as president, assigning as the cause her disapproval of the action of the teachers.

MARBLEHEAD IN COMMISSION.

Vessel Did Yeoman Service in the Spanish-American War. MARE ISLAND NAVY YARD, Cal., November 11.-The United States steamer

mized as the leader of the House, and has won the respect and admiration of the country for his stand for the protection of the treasury against too liberal invads. He occupies a conservative and yet a safe position with reference to the teriff. In
| Caracas announces the return of President to Recretary Root. Secretary Root. Secretary Root. Secretary Root. Secretary Root. Secretary Root in the return of President this position last October and was a canditation and in the recent election as a union republican. He however, was defeated, and has now been given back his of commerce tonight. He expects the ambassador to the tariff. In
| Caracas announces the return of President this position last October and was a canditation and in the recent election as and in the recent election as and in the return of President to return to President this position last October and was a canditation of the so sincerely regreet; the ambassador to that this position last October and was a canditation of the so sincerely regreet; the ambassador to that the protection of the so sincerely regreet to the termination of the so sincerely regreet; the ambassador to that the protection of the so sincerely regreet; the ambassador to that the protection as and in-Architectural designer, \$2,300 per annum; photographer, \$2,300 per annum; photograp